

# What More Could I Have Done?



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## SABBATH AFTERNOON

**Read for This Week's Study:** *John 18:37, Rom. 3:23–26, Rom. 5:8, Isa. 5:1–4, Matt. 21:33–39, Isa. 53:4, Rom. 3:1–4.*

**Memory Text:** “Pilate therefore said to Him, ‘Are You a king then?’ Jesus answered, ‘You say rightly that I am a king. For this cause I was born, and for this cause I have come into the world, that I should bear witness to the truth. Everyone who is of the truth hears My voice’ ” (*John 18:37, NKJV*).

Some years ago, an insightful children's story was printed in *Guide* magazine. The story focuses on a boy named Denis, an orphan living as a foster child with a family in medieval times. Denis passionately hates the king of his land because, when his parents were sick, the king's soldiers carried him away, and he never saw them again. Only later did he learn that the king separated them in order to spare the living all the horrors of the Black Plague. The truth about the king sets Denis free from the hatred that he had harbored almost his entire life. The king had always, and in every case, acted out of love for his people.

Many people today view God somewhat like Denis viewed the king. The evil they have witnessed or experienced brings them to hate or dismiss God. Where is God when there is suffering? If God is good, why is there so much evil? The cosmic conflict sheds light on this crucial issue, but many questions remain. Yet, when all our attempts at answers fail to satisfy, we can look to Jesus on the cross and see in Him that God can be trusted, even with all the questions that remain unanswered for now.

\* Study this week's lesson to prepare for Sabbath, March 15.

## Christ the Victor

Although there is an enemy at work whom Christ Himself refers to as the (usurping) “ruler of this world,” the true king of the universe is Jesus Christ. Jesus wins the victory for us, and in Him we can have victory, even in the midst of hardship and suffering. Indeed, the work of Christ counters the enemy at every turn.

We have seen that Scripture describes the devil as:

1. The deceiver of the whole world from the beginning (*Rev. 12:9, Matt. 4:3, John 8:44, 2 Cor. 11:3, 1 John 3:8*);
2. The slanderer and accuser of God and His people in heaven (*Rev. 12:10; Rev. 13:6; Job 1, 2; Zech. 3:1, 2; Jude 9*); and
3. The usurping ruler of this world (*John 12:31, John 14:30, John 16:11, Acts 26:18, 2 Cor. 4:4, Eph. 2:2, 1 John 5:19*).

**Read John 18:37.** What does this tell us about Christ’s work to counter the deceptions of the enemy? What does it mean that Jesus is King?

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Though Scripture teaches that Satan is the arch-deceiver, slanderer, accuser, and usurping ruler of this world, it also teaches that Jesus is the victor over Satan in every way:

1. Jesus came “ ‘into the world, to testify to the truth’ ” (*John 18:37, NASB*);
2. Through the cross, Jesus supremely demonstrated God’s perfect righteousness and love (*Rom. 3:25, 26; Rom. 5:8*), thereby disproving the devil’s slanderous allegations (*Rev. 12:10, 11*); and
3. Jesus will finally destroy the kingdom of the devil, who “ ‘knows that his time is short’ ” (*Rev. 12:12, ESV; compare with Rom. 16:20*), and Christ “ ‘will reign forever and ever’ ” (*Rev. 11:15, NLT*).

In the end, no matter what Satan does, he is already a defeated foe, and the key for us is to claim Christ’s victory for ourselves every day, moment by moment, and also to claim the promises that the Cross has offered us.

**In the great controversy, we know which side wins. How do our day-by-day choices impact which side we ultimately end up on? How can we make sure that we are on the winning side even right now?**

## The Just and the Justifier

At every turn, Christ's work *undoes* the work of the devil. And, according to 1 John 3:8, Jesus "was revealed for this purpose, to destroy the works of the devil" (*1 John 3:8, NRSV*) and to "destroy the one who has the power of death, that is, the devil" (*Heb. 2:14, NRSV*). Yet, the total defeat of the enemy's rulership takes place in two stages. First, through the work of the Cross, Christ disproves Satan's slanderous allegations. And, later, Satan and his kingdom will be destroyed.

**Read** Romans 3:23–26 and Romans 5:8. What do these passages reveal about the way Christ defeats the allegations of the devil?

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As we have seen, the enemy claims that God is not fully righteous and loving. However, in Christ, God provides the ultimate manifestation of God's righteousness and love, and He did so through the Cross.

After the death of Jesus, "Satan saw that his disguise was torn away. His administration was laid open before the unfallen angels and before the heavenly universe. He had revealed himself as a murderer. By shedding the blood of the Son of God, he had uprooted himself from the sympathies of the heavenly beings."—Ellen G. White, *The Desire of Ages*, p. 761.

**Read** Revelation 12:10–12 in light of Genesis 3:15. How does this passage shed light on the cosmic significance of Christ's victory at the cross?

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The history of redemption provides abundant evidence for us to be confident that God always works to bring about in the end what is good for all concerned. The God of Scripture always does what is good and preferable, given the avenues available to Him in the great controversy (*Deut. 32:4, 1 Sam. 3:18, Ps. 145:17, Dan. 4:37, Hab. 1:13, Rev. 15:3, Gen. 18:25*).

**Why is the demonstration of God's righteousness and love in the cosmic conflict so important? When you reflect on the Cross and all of God's works in the plan of redemption, how do God's works give you confidence in the love of God, even amid trials and sufferings?**

## The Song of My Beloved

In amazing ways, God has manifested His love and righteousness amid the cosmic conflict. Yet, some might ask, *Should God have done more than He has done to prevent and/or remove evil?* We have seen a cosmic conflict framework that indicates that God has acted in order to respect the free will necessary for the maximal flourishing of love relationships between Him and humanity. Further, He has apparently acted within moral constraints, or rules of engagement, within the context of a cosmic dispute over His character, which can be settled only by the demonstration of His love.

**Read** Isaiah 5:1–4. Who is speaking in these verses? Whom is Isaiah speaking about? Whom do the vineyard and vineyard owner represent? What is the significance of the actions of the vineyard owner on behalf of the vineyard? What is the result?

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In these verses, Isaiah sings a song of his beloved, a vineyard. The vineyard owner is God Himself, and the vineyard represents God's people (*see, for example, Isa. 1:8, Jer. 2:21*). But the implications here can also be expanded relative to God's broader work in this world. According to these verses, the vineyard owner (God) did everything that reasonably could be expected to ensure the flourishing of His vineyard. The vineyard should have produced good grapes, but it produced only "wild grapes," which other translations refer to as "worthless." Indeed, the Hebrew wording here literally could be translated *stink-fruit*. God's vineyard brings forth rotten grapes.

Isaiah 5:3 shifts to God Himself speaking, inviting people to "judge" between Him and His vineyard. And, in Isaiah 5:4, God Himself sets forth the all-important question: " 'What more could have been done to My vineyard that I have not done in it? Why then, when I expected it to bring forth good grapes, did it bring forth wild grapes?' " (*NKJV*). What more could He do? How fascinating that He even asks others to judge what He has done.

**When you look at the cross, where God offered Himself as a sacrifice for all our sin, how do His words—" 'What more could have been done to My vineyard that I have not done in it?' "—take on an utterly amazing significance?**

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## Christ's Parable of the Vineyard

In the parable of the vineyard owner, in Matthew 21, Jesus picks up where Isaiah 5 left off, shedding additional light on the character and actions of the vineyard owner on behalf of His vineyard.

**Read Matthew 21:33–39 with particularly the question of Isaiah 5:4 in mind. What more could He do than what He has done?**

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The first part of Christ's parable quotes directly from the song of Isaiah 5 about the vineyard owner and His vineyard. Then, Jesus adds, the vineyard owner "leased" His vineyard "to vinedressers and went into a far country" (Matt. 21:33, NKJV). Yet, when the vineyard owner twice sent His servants (the prophets) to collect the produce, those renting His vineyard beat and killed His servants (Matt. 21:34–36). Finally, He sent His Son (Jesus), saying, "They will respect my son" (Matt. 21:37, NKJV). But they murdered His Son, too, saying, "This is the heir. Come, let us kill him and seize his inheritance.' So they took him and cast him out of the vineyard and killed him" (Matt. 21:38, 39, NKJV).

What more could He do? The Father loved us so much that He gave His beloved Son (John 3:16). If the cosmic conflict is of the kind suggested here, it could not be settled prematurely by exercise of divine power but required first a public demonstration of God's character. This demonstration has been set forth ultimately in the work of Christ (Rom. 3:25, 26; Rom. 5:8). What more could we ask than that God (in Christ) give Himself to die for us so that He might justify us without in any way compromising His justice and perfect love?

The cross event demonstrates that God has done everything that could be done to mitigate and eliminate evil, but without destroying the context for the flourishing of genuine love. If there had been any preferable avenue available to God, would He not have chosen it? While people suffer greatly in this cosmic conflict, God Himself suffers most of all. When we look at the Cross, we can, indeed, see what suffering and pain sin has brought to God Himself. Yet, so sacred was the freedom inherent in love that Christ was willing to endure this in our behalf.

**Read Isaiah 53:4. Whose "griefs" and "sorrows" did Christ bear on the cross? What should this tell us about all that God has done for us and what salvation has cost Him?**

## The Vindication of God's Name

Ultimately, God's name is vindicated in every way. Through the work of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit in the plan of redemption, the perfect righteousness and love of God is manifested beyond any reasonable doubt (*see Rom. 3:25, 26; Rom. 5:8*).

**Read** Romans 3:1–4 in light of Isaiah 5:3, 4. What does this teach about God Himself being vindicated in the cosmic conflict? What more could He do than what He has done?

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In Romans 3 and Isaiah 5, we see that God (in some limited sense) invites mere creatures to judge His character, even though we have no right or standing to do so. In the end, when all the “books” are opened, we will see the evidence that God is perfectly just and righteous. God will vindicate Himself before all intelligent creation.

**Read** Revelation 15:3 and Revelation 19:1–6. What do these passages teach about the vindication of God's name in the end? What more could He do than what He has done?

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Throughout Scripture, God shows concern for His name. Why? You cannot have a deep love relationship with someone whose character you detest or do not trust. If someone told your spouse or spouse-to-be horrible lies about your character, you would do what you could to counter any such claims, for if such claims are believed, they would fracture your love relationship.

In the end, God is vindicated at the cross and through the entire plan of redemption. In the pre-Advent judgment, God is vindicated before the onlooking universe.

Then, in the post-Advent judgment, during which the redeemed will even “judge angels” (*1 Cor. 6:2, 3*), God is vindicated, as the redeemed have been given the opportunity to review the records and see for themselves why God has acted as He has, and that all of God's judgments have always and only been perfectly righteous and loving. Who among us doesn't have a lot of questions that need answering? Before it's all done, we will have those questions answered (*see 1 Cor. 4:5*).

Finally, every knee will bow and every tongue will confess that Jesus is Lord (*Phil. 2:10, 11*). This is all part of the vindication of the character of God.

**Further Thought:** Read Ellen G. White, “The Reward of Earnest Effort,” pp. 285–288, in *Testimonies for the Church*, vol. 9.

“All that has perplexed us in the providences of God will in the world to come be made plain. The things hard to be understood will then find explanation. The mysteries of grace will unfold before us. Where our finite minds discovered only confusion and broken promises, we shall see the most perfect and beautiful harmony. We shall know that infinite love ordered the experiences that seemed most trying. As we realize the tender care of Him who makes all things work together for our good, we shall rejoice with joy unspeakable and full of glory.”—Ellen G. White, *Testimonies for the Church*, vol. 9, p. 286.

### Discussion Questions:

- 1 Have you been perplexed in trying to understand the providences of God? How does it comfort you to know that all such things will be made plain in the end?
- 2 Ponder what Christ gave up in order to become human and to die for this world. Further reflect on what this tells us about God’s love and whether God can be trusted. What more could He do?
- 3 What is so important about God’s “name”? What implications does this have for those of us who call ourselves Christian? In what ways have Christians sometimes brought disrepute on the name of Christ, and what can we do in our local communities to show people what following Christ looks like in practice?
- 4 In the end, even our best “answers” relative to the problem of evil are incomplete for now. What can we do in practice to draw close to those who are suffering and be agents of relieving suffering in this world as we await the final, eschatological solution to the problem of evil that only God can bring?
- 5 Dwell more on Isaiah 53:4, on the fact that Christ bore our “griefs” and “sorrows.” What happened corporately at the Cross that helps us understand the plan of salvation and what it cost God to save us?

## The Persistent Mother: Part 3

By ANDREW MCCHESENEY

Pediatrician Colette Reahl hoped to bring the 13-year-old Alaska Native girl home before the Sabbath hours. She had told Matrona that she was a Seventh-day Adventist, but it seemed like a good idea to get settled at home in Anchorage before spending their first Sabbath together.

Alaskan adoption authorities, however, had other ideas. They told Colette that she could take the girl on Sabbath.

The day before the big move, Colette called Matrona at her facility in Anchorage. “I usually go to church on Sabbath,” she said. “Would you like to go with me?”

“No,” Matrona said.

When Matrona arrived the next morning, she announced that she wanted to watch television.

“On Sabbaths in my house, we watch Christian-themed shows or nature videos,” Colette replied.

Matrona was surprised. She asked if she could watch an animated television show about wild animals instead.

Colette and Matrona got to spend two months of quality time together in Anchorage before moving to Bethel, where Colette had a new job at a hospital. During that time, they developed routines and built their relationship. They had morning and evening worship, and Matrona grew spiritually.

Today, Matrona is 15, and she loves living in Bethel, where she goes to homeschool, takes piano lessons, has many friends, and is actively involved in the life of Bethel Seventh-day Adventist Church.

“God just orchestrated everything,” said Colette, who, in addition to working as a pediatrician, serves as a Bible worker and coleader of the church.

“The sassy Matrona whom I first met on the phone is very different from the Matrona now,” she said. “She is a leader for the kids at church and in the community. I see God working in her life and maturing her faith.”

Matrona expressed gratitude for Colette’s persistent phone calls and now her persistent love as a mother. “If she hadn’t tried and tried to get through to me, I wouldn’t know who God is,” she said.

She said God used Colette to change her life. “How she found me was no coincidence,” she said. “I feel that God led her to me and God led me to her. God has brought me to a good place and given me peace.”



*This mission story offers an inside look at Bethel (Alaska) Seventh-day Adventist Church, which received part of a 2024 Thirteenth Sabbath Offering. Thank you for helping spread the gospel with this quarter’s Thirteenth Sabbath Offering on March 29.*